

11. A normal fetal heart rate is _____ to _____ beats/minute.
12. Briefly list the relevant data that should be asked of a pregnant patient.
13. Discuss the transportation of a suspected spinal injury in a third trimester pregnant patient.
14. Compare and contrast preeclampsia and eclampsia.
15. Discuss signs and symptoms of preeclampsia and the prehospital care needed.

Define the following:

16. Incomplete abortion
17. Missed abortion
18. Spontaneous abortion
19. Therapeutic abortion
20. Threatened abortion

28. During the delivery of the placenta, why should you never pull the umbilical cord.

Discuss the prehospital management of the following abnormal deliveries:

29. Breech presentation (incomplete breech)

30. Cord presentation

31. Define multiple gestation and list a minimum of three associated complications.

32. Define meconium staining and discuss the emergency care of the infant.

33. Discuss the criteria used for computing the APGAR score.

34. Discuss the primary responsibilities of the medics in the management of a normal newborn birth.

35. Why should deep, vigorous suctioning be avoided in the newborn?

36. Discuss the “inverted pyramid” of neonatal resuscitative efforts.

37. Discuss two safe and appropriate methods of newborn tactile stimulation.

38. The neonate should be ventilated at _____ to _____ ventilations per minute.

When evaluating the neonate’s heart rate, explain what should be done in the following situations.

39. The neonate’s heart rate is between 80-100.

40. The neonate’s heart rate is less than 80.